Merit-Based Incentive Payment Program (MIPs) 2023

Updates for Small Practices

March 16th 2023 2:00 pm EST







Manager of Regulatory Affairs



Agenda

• MIPs Program Recap: How did we get here?

2023 Performance Year Updates

- Thresholds and Category Weights
- Category Specific Changes
- Small Practice Special Status

2023 Performance Year Considerations

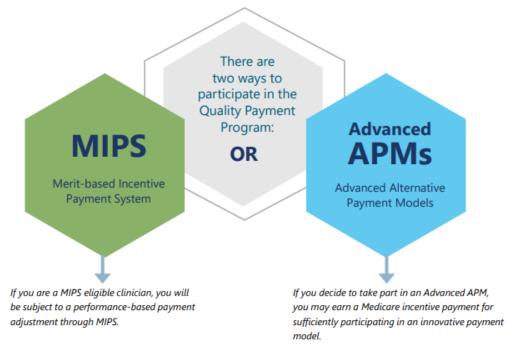
- Quality Category Critical to Score
- Submission Factors
- Penalty mitigation



MIPs Program Recap: How did we get here?



The Quality Payment Program was established by the Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act of **2015** (MACRA) with the intent to reward clinicians for providing high-quality, low-cost care to Medicare beneficiaries.





The QPP program established **MIPS** as the replacement for **PQRS** as Medicare's primary quality reporting program in **2017**.

MIPS is a **budget neutral program** that offers participants the opportunity to earn a payment adjustment based on a total program score comprised of four performance categories:



REVENUE CYCLE MANAGEMENT

Clinicians enrolled in Medicare for at least 1 year who meet <u>all</u> elements of the QPP's low volume threshold as an individual must participate in MIPS

- Low Volume Threshold (LVT):
 - \$90,000 in Medicare Part B
 - 200+ Medicare Part B Services
 - 200+ Medicare Part B Beneficiaries

Interactions with Alternative Payment Models shift QPP eligibility and reporting responsibilities



Historical Performance Year Thresholds

Performance Year	Payment Year	Max Payment Adjustments	Performance Threshold	Exceptional Performance Threshold	Payment Adjustments
2017	2019	(+/ -) 4%	3 pts	70 pts	1.88%
2018	2020	(+/ -) 5%	15 pts	70 pts	1.68%
2019	2021	(+/ -) 7%	30 pts	75 pts	1.79% 4.67% **
2020	2022	(+/ -) 9%	45 pts	85 pts	2 <i>.20</i> % 6.25% **
2021	2023	(+/ -) 9%	60 pts	85 pts	6-8 % **
2022	2024	(+/ -) 9%	75 pts	89 pts	6-8 % **

Performance category requirements have also 'ramped up' along with performance thresholds since start of program

**COVID PHE significantly reduced availability of positive adjustments



Quality Category

Topped-out/Point-capped Measures

- **Topped-out measures** -the national median performance rate is so high that there is no meaningful difference in performance between clinicians.
 - Even 1 encounter failing to meet a measure's criteria will lower the amount of points returned significantly
- **Point-capped measures –**after a measure is considered 'topped-out', CMS may apply a point cap to lower the **maximum points from 10 to 7**
 - All measures with a point-cap are also topped-out



Special Statuses:

<u>Small Practices</u> (15 or fewer clinicians) to be added to list of clinician types exempt from the Promoting Interoperability category

New Final Score Weighting

Category Weights	With Cost	Without Cost
Quality	40%	50%
Improvement Activities	30%	50%
Cost	30%	0%

 Non-small practices will have *higher* <u>Quality</u> weighting when exempt from other categories



2022 Performance Year Updates



Performance Thresholds and Category Weights

Performance	2022	2023	Change
Penalty	75	75	None
Exceptional Performer*	89	N/A	Removed from Program
Maximum Payment Adjustment	+/- 9%	+/- 9%	None
Category Weights			
Quality	30%	30%	None
Cost	30%	30%	None
Promoting Interoperability	25%	25%	None
Improvement Activities	15%	15%	None



Cost Category

- Minimal changes new 'Cost Improvement' bonus added to category
- CMS now allow externally developed Cost measures into the program
 - Looking to proposed rule for possible adds for 2024 performance year

Improvement Activities

Improvement Activities Removed				
IA_BE_7	Participation in a QCDR, that promotes use of patient engagement tools			
IA_BE_8	Participation in a QCDR, that promotes collaborative learning network opportunities that are interactive			
IA_PM_7	Use of QCDR for feedback reports that incorporate population health			
IA_PSPA_6	Consultation of the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program			
IA_PSPA_20	Leadership engagement in regular guidance and demonstrated commitment for implementing practice improvement changes			
IA_PSPA_30	PCI Bleeding Campaign			

REVENUE CYCLE MANAGEMENT

Quality Category (Reminders)

- Removal of measure related bonus points (gone starting 2022 PY)
 - Outcome Bonus High Priority Bonus End-to-end Bonus
 - Contributed up to 6 pts towards Quality score

• 3 Point Floor for Quality Removed (starting 2023 PY)

- Measures *without* a benchmark will return <u>0 points</u>
- Measures with a benchmark that also meet case minimum (20) and data completeness (70%) requirements will return 2 or 1 points depending on benchmarks (except Small Practices)
- Data Completeness rate to increase to 75% for 2024
 - Data Completeness requirements will remain at 70% for 2023



Quality Category (Reminders) Bonuses Still Available:

- Complex Patient Bonus
 - Max of 10 pts towards total score
 - CMS permanently expanded this bonus, altered methodology starting 2022 PY
 - 2022 Preliminary/Final Scores will be good indicator
- Small Practice Bonus
 - 6 points granted towards Quality category
- Quality Improvement Bonus
 - Awarded for improving quality measure performance between performance years
 - Up to 10% of category score



Quality Category (Updates)

- Added 9 new Quality Measures
- Modified **75** existing Quality Measures
- Removed 15 existing Quality measures
- (Reminder!) Increased point floors for <u>NEW</u> measures
 - Measures **NEW** to MIPs would earn a minimum of 7 points during first performance period available, 5 points during second
 - If benchmarked, measures would return between up to 10 points once DC and case minimum is met



Quality Measures Added

- Risk-Standardized Acute Cardiovascular-Related Hospital Admission Rates for Patients with Heart Failure under the Merit-based Incentive Payment System (Administrative claims-based)
- Adult Immunization Status replacement for 110/111
- Screening for Social Drivers of Health (added to all specialty sets)
- Mismatch Repair (MMR) or Microsatellite Instability (MSI) Biomarker Testing Status in Colorectal Carcinoma, Endometrial, Gastroesophageal, or Small Bowel Carcinoma
- Dermatitis Improvement in Patient-Reported Itch Severity
- Psoriasis Improvement in Patient-Reported Itch Severity
- Appropriate Intervention of Immune-Related Diarrhea and/or Colitis in Patients Treated with Immune Checkpoint Inhibitors
- Kidney Health Evaluation



Quality Measures Removed

76	Prevention of Central Venous Catheter (CVC) - Related Bloodstream Infections
110	Preventive Care and Screening: Influenza Immunization
111	Pneumococcal Vaccination Status for Older Adults
119	Diabetes: Medical Attention for Nephropathy
258	Rate of Open Repair of Small or Moderate Non-Ruptured Infrarenal Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm
260	Rate of Carotid Endarterectomy (CEA) for Asymptomatic Patients, without Major Complications
261	Referral for Otologic Evaluation for Patients with Acute or Chronic Dizziness
265	Biopsy Follow-Up



Quality Measures Removed

- 275 Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD): Assessment of Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Status Before Initiating Anti-TNF (Tumor Necrosis Factor) Therapy
- 323 Cardiac Stress Imaging Not Meeting Appropriate Use Criteria: Routine Testing After Percutaneous Coronary Intervention
- 375 Functional Status Assessment for Total Knee Replacement
- 425 Photodocumentation of Cecal Intubation
- 439 Age Appropriate Screening Colonoscopy
- 455 Percentage of Patients Who Died from Cancer Admitted to the Intensive Care Unit (ICU) in the Last 30 Days of Life
- 460 Back Pain After Lumbar Fusion
- 469 Functional Status After Lumbar Fusion



Putting It All Together

- The penalty threshold has gone UP with fewer ways to earn points
 - Topped out/capped measures, bonus points
- Small Practices not scored on COST will have a better chance at reaching penalty level due to special score weighting
 - 50% Improvement Activities, 50% Quality
- Topped out/Point Capped measures are biggest risks due to needing to be 100% perfect



Magic Quality Numbers for 2023

Goal	Small Practices
Avoid Penalty 75 points	 30/60 points for the <u>Quality</u> <u>Average</u> at least 4 points per measure
	OR
	 Ensure at least two point-capped measures are at 100%
	 Better performance beyond this minimum will result in higher bonus adjustments



2023 Performance Year Considerations



Quality Performance Critical

Fewer ways to earn points needed to avoid penalty

- Topped Out measures extremely common, some specialties left with very limited options
- Review quality measure requirements and keep track throughout year
 - Ensure documentation requirements are understood and update workflows as needed



Submission Method Big Factor in Outcome

- Medicare Part B Claims-based Submission
 - Small Practices are still able to submit Quality data via claims

Advantages	Disadvantages
• Data automatically submitted to QPP	 No (easy) way to correct MIPs data if documentation missing or claim coded incorrectly
No cost associated with submission	No real time feedback on
Limited measures available	performance available from QPPLimited measures available



Submission Method Big Factor in Outcome

- Registry or QCDR-based Submission
 - Vendors can be contracted to submit data to CMS

Advantages	Disadvantages
 Submission executed at end of year, allowing for corrections 	 Cost associated with using a vendor
 Vendors required to provide feedback	 Additional measures available may be
during performance year	undesirable in terms of practicality
 Additional measures available under	 Vendors all work differently in terms of
these submission options	data submission/reporting feedback



Submission LEVEL Also Big Factor

- MIPs allows for multiple submission levels and will take the <u>highest</u> score when applying payment adjustments
 - Individual, Group, Virtual Group, APM Entity
- Individual vs Group submission should be considered
 - Group score applies to ALL NPI's under a TIN
 - Individual score only applied to individual NPI under TIN
 - Reporting only individuals who MUST report may be best option if concerned of a penalty



Payment Adjustments Are SCALEABLE

- The closer a final score is to the performance threshold, the smaller the payment adjustment is +/-
- Final scores of 0 20 pts will have the maximum -9% applied
- Even if a penalty can not be avoided, it can be mitigated
 - Consider looking at other areas of revenue cycle to make up losses



Summary

MIPs Performance Can No Longer Be Ignored

- Program has become more about avoiding a penalty rather than achieving bonuses
- Small Practices have 'easier' path to avoid a penalty and should consider submission options
- Performance management (Quality category) critical to outcome
 - Provider education, corrections, utilizing different submission options etc



Thank you!

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